Romans 15

- 1. Verses 1-7 of this chapter are a continuation of some of the main points of chapter 14. What obligation do *strong* Christian's have to the weak?
 - a. In this context, who are the "strong" and who are the "weak?"
- 2. Who is the supreme example of self**less**ness? (3)
- 3. What is one of the scriptural uses of the Old Testament today? (v. 4)
 - a. What are some other scriptural uses of the O.T. today?
 - b. What is one common **misuse** of the O.T. today?
- 4. What does Paul call for in verses 5-7?
 - a. According to 1 Cor. 1:10, how is this condition achieved?
 - b. Who prayed for this condition in John 17:20-21?
- What did the Old Testament teach about the Gentiles and salvation? (9-12)
- 6. With what type of music would the Gentiles praise God? (9)

7. In what did Paul have confidence in the Roman saints? (14)

a. Even so, what did Paul still need to do for them? (15)

- 8. What reason did Paul give for being late in coming to Rome? (20-23)
- 9. What was Paul's objective with regard to the Gentiles? (18)
 - a. What methods did he use? (see 18, 19, 20)
- 10.What did Paul hope that the saints at Rome would do for him for his trip to Spain? (24)
 - a. According to verse 32, what other motive did Paul have?
- 11. Paul's reference to "Macedonia and Achaia" in Romans 15:26 connects this work to the one that is addressed in 1 Cor. 16:1-3 and 2 Cor. 8:1-4 & 9. What need was this?
 - a. What two conditions are listed in Romans 15:26 as a reason for providing this help?
- 12. What 3 *persons* or *beings* are referenced in verse 30?
 - a. Though the term is not used by Bible writers, what term do we often use to describe these three beings?
- 13. Why did Paul solicit the prayers of the Romans saints (30-31)?