

Ruth 4

1. Who came to see Boaz?
 - a. For what purpose did this man meet with Boaz?
 - b. Who else was invited and for what purpose? *(see also verse 9 for help if needed)*
 - c. The “close relative” was closer to Naomi / Ruth than who?
2. What was Boaz prepared to do if the close relative could not redeem the property and fulfill the Levirate marriage vow? *(we discussed the “levirate” marriage arrangement in chapters 2 & 3, but if you need a reminder about the procedure you can see Deuteronomy 25:5-10)*
3. In purchasing the land from Naomi, who would the man also be purchasing from?
 - a. Why also from her? *(see 1:3, 1:5 and 4:9 for help if needed)*
4. Why couldn't the close relative redeem the land and fulfill the levirate marriage commitment?
5. What legal custom was practiced in cases where the close relative did comply? *(also found in the Deuteronomy 25 passage)*

6. Verse 7 provides an explanation for this custom and why it was performed. Why would the author of the book of Ruth need to explain a Jewish legal custom?
7. According to verses 8 and 9, what all did Boaz acquire on that day?
8. What women are cited in verse 11 for Ruth to be compared?
9. Who is cited in verse 12 for Boaz and Ruth's house to be compared?
 - a. Thought question: Of all that could have been cited, why might Boaz and Ruth have been compared to Judah, Tamar and Perez?
10. When Ruth conceived, who also was said to be having a son?
11. How would Naomi then be known?
12. What was the name of the son that was born?
13. What role did Naomi have in this child's life?
14. Who was Obed's grandson?
15. According to Matthew 1:1 (& 1:5) who else came from the lineage of Ruth?