Questions On Matthew Chapter 27 (Part 1, Vs. 1-26)

- 1. To whom did the chief priests and Jewish elders take Jesus after the trial by Caiaphas?
 - a. John's account says that they took Jesus to the Praetorium but did not enter. Why not? (John 18:28)
- 2. According to Luke's account, after finding no fault in Jesus but learning that He was a Galilean, to whom did Pilate send Jesus? (Luke 23:7)
 - a. What was Herod's reaction upon seeing Jesus and what had he hoped to see from Jesus? (Luke 23:8)
 - b. What did Herod and his men of war do to Jesus? (Lk. 23:11)
 - c. What condition changed between Herod and Pilate that day?
- 3. What emotion did Judas experience after betraying Jesus and what did he acknowledge having done? (Matthew 27:3-4)
 - a. How did Jesus describe Judas in John 17:12?
 - b. Explain the difference between mere *regret* and actual *repentance*:
 - c. What did Judas do with the betrayal money that the chief priests had given to him?
 - d. What did the chief priests later do with the money? (v. 7 + Acts 1:19)
 - e. What did Judas do to himself?

- f. What additional information is given about Judas in Acts 1:18?
- g. What prophecy was fulfilled by Judas' actions?
- 4. What made Pilate *marvel greatly* at Jesus? (Matt. 27:14)
- 5. What feast-time custom did Pilate have? (v. 15)
 - a. What did Pilate offer the Jews in verse 17?
 - b. Who was Barabbas? (see Matt. 27:16 + Mark 15:7 + John 18:40)
 - c. Pilate knew that the Jews delivered Jesus for what reason? (v. 18)
 - d. What advice did Pilate's wife given him regarding Jesus?
- 6. Who persuaded the people to ask that Barabbas be released? (vs. 20-22)
 - a. What did it mean for Jesus when the Jews asked Pilate to release Barabbas?
 - b. How did the people respond when Pilate asked them what evil Jesus had done? (23)
 - What symbolic act did Pilate perform in an effort to absolve himself? (24)
 - d. What responsibility did the people accept? (25)

- 7. Many judgment passages address man's attitude towards God and treatment of God? How does this passage differ? (note that man's treatment of God is still involved, but indirectly vs. 40 & 45)
- 8. What two conditions are mentioned in the last verse?
 - a. How do they differ and how are they the same?