

## Hebrews 13

- 1) What is "brotherly love?" How is this described in verse 16?
- 2) What things mentioned in verses 2 and 3 are an exercise of brotherly love?
- 3) Who unwittingly "entertained angels?"
- 4) In addition to it being commanded, what other reason is given for "remembering the prisoners?"
  - a) What does this context suggest about the spiritual identity of these prisoners? (see 10:34; 11:36 and Matthew 25:36)
- 5) How is marriage described in verse 4?
- 6) What is the difference between fornication and adultery?
- 7) What is "covetousness?"
  - a) What is said in Hebrews 10:34 that shows the folly of covetousness?
  - b) What did Paul say about "the love of money?" (1 Tim. 6:10)
- 8) Verses 7, 17 and 24 speak of "rulers." The same Greek word (hegeomai) is used in 1 Thessalonians 5:12. Who is referred to in these passages, and what is their function according to these verses?
- 9) What is significant about Jesus being "the same" (yesterday, today and forever)? (see Malachi 3:6 for help)

- 10) Given the mention of "foods" in verse 9, what was likely the "strange doctrine" that they were cautioned against being carried away with?
- 11) What is the point of verses 10-13?
- 12) What city is the "continuing city?"
- a) Who was earlier mentioned by the Hebrew writer as having "looked for a city?" (hint: 11:10)
- 13) What is the "sacrifice of the lips?"
- a) We have seen reference made to the Christian's "sacrifices" in Hebrews 13:15 & 16. What sacrifice is discussed in Romans 12:1-2?
- 14) Given the subject matter of this book, what makes verses 20 and 21 so significant?
- 15) What is the writer calling upon the Hebrew saints to do in verse 22?
- a) At what times is such an exhortation more needful?
- 16) Who calls Timothy "brother" in 2 Corinthians 1:1 and in Colossians 1:1?
- 17) The writer of this epistle was in "Italy." What prominent New Testament author spent time in Italy?