

Acts 2

- 1) Acts chapter 2 has been called “the hub of the Bible.” Can you think of why?
- 2) The 2nd chapter of 3 Old Testament books contains information about what happens in Acts 2. What books are they? (*hint: one is quoted by Peter in this chapter*)
- 3) What was “Pentecost?” When did it occur? (*hint: Lev. 23:15, 16*)
- 4) What is the antecedent of “they” in verse 1? (*remember: An antecedent is an earlier word, phrase or sentence to which another refers.*)
- 5) How was the coming of the Holy Spirit made known?
- 6) How do we know that speaking in other “tongues” is the same thing as speaking in other “languages?” (*see verses 4, 6, 8, 11*)
- 7) What concept of “tongue-speaking” do many people have?
- 8) Of what did the “mockers” accuse the apostles? How did other hearers respond?
- 9) Joel used typical *judgment language* as quoted by Peter (Acts 2:19, 20). What does this language usually represent?
- 10) How does one “call on the name of the Lord?” Compare Acts 2:21 with Acts 22:16 for the divine commentary.

- 11) How was Jesus “approved” or “attested” by God? According to John (John 5:30-37), Jesus listed two other “witnesses” to his divinity. What were they?

- 12) What did David foretell about the body of Jesus? (*hint: a word in verse 31 briefly sums up the prophecy*)

- 13) Of what did Peter accuse the Jews in verses 23 and 36? How did some respond?

- 14) What were they told to do in order for their sins to be remitted?

- 15) How does Matthew 26:28 prove that Peter did not mean for people to be baptized *because of* the remission of sins?

- 16) What is “the gift of the Holy Spirit?”

- 17) About how many people were added to the apostles on Pentecost?

- 18) What is the only item of public worship not mentioned in Acts 2:42? Where is it mentioned?

- 19) Who does God “add” to the church?